

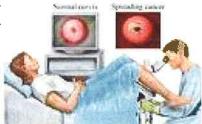
Cervical Cancer Awareness

January is National Cervical Cancer Awareness Month. once one of the most common cancer deaths for women. death rate has dropped 74% since 1992. It continues to decline every year. The main reason for this change is the increased use of Pap test.

The Pap test checks for changes in your cervix. It can detect early signs of cancer. It is important for all women to have a Pap test.

You need to have a Pap test if you are 21 years or older. If you are under 21 and sexually active, check with your doctor. You should get a Pap test every year if you are younger than 30 years old. If you are 30 or older, talk to your doctor about what is best for you.

Remember there is no age limit for the Pap test. And it is the best thing you can do to prevent cervical cancer!



Diabetes Eye Diseases

People with diabetes are more likely to have eye problems. Diabetes eye disease refers to a group of eye problems that people with diabetes may face. Those diseases include:

Diabetes retinopathy—damage to the blood vessels in the retina

Cataract—clouding of the eye lens

Glaucoma—increased pressure inside the eye that leads to optic nerve damage and loss of vision

These eye diseases can lead to loss of sight. It is important for you to take charge and prevent such problems. Finding and treating eye problems early can help save sight.



Appointment Assist



If you are having problems getting an appointment because you do

not understand the doctor. Call us. We will help you to get an appointment.

Miami Dade 877-838-7526

Broward 866-899-4828

- 1. Maintain good control of your blood sugar level. Ideal for your HbA1c level < 8.0%.
- 2. Keep your blood pressure less than 140/90.
- 3. See an eye doctor for a "dilated" eye exam every year. A dilated eye exam includes putting drops in your eyes. It opens up the pupils. So your doctor can see the small blood vessels at the back of your eyes.
- 4. Report any eye problems or changes to your doctor immediately.
- 5. Stop smoking. Smoking can damage small blood vessels in your eyes.
- 6. If you are pregnant, and have diabetes, have an eye exam in the first three months of your pregnancy.





Asthma

You can control your asthma. You need to take your medicine as your doctor tells you to do. It is important to stay away from things that trigger an attack. Know the warning signs. When you control your asthma:

- ♦ You won't have symptoms such as wheezing or coughing.
- You'll sleep better.
- You won't miss work or school.
- You can take part in all physical activities.
- You won't have to go to the hospital.

Not everyone with asthma takes the same medicine. Some medicines can be breathed in or can be taken as a pill. There are two types of asthma medicines. One is a quick relief which you use when you have an attack. The other one is long-acting control. This one is to help you have fewer attacks. **Remember** to take your long-acting control medicines even when you are feeling good.

TAKE CONTROL OF YOUR ASTHMA!

Depression

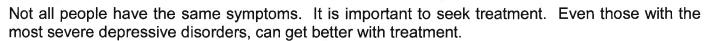


Everyone feels blue or sad sometimes. It usually goes away in a day or two. But for a person with depressive disorder, it is not a temporary feeling. It affects their daily life. Depression is a common illness. But it is serious if you don't take care of it. Some people need treatment to get better.

Some symptoms can include:

- * Sadness
- * Loss of interest in things you once enjoyed
- * Trouble concentrating
- * Anxiety
- * Vague aches and pains
- * Overeating or appetite loss
- * Changes in sleep patterns

- * Restlessness
- * Feelings of guilt or worthlessness
- * Trouble making decisions
- * Irritability
- * Fatigue or lack of energy
- * Changes in weight
- * Thoughts of suicide



If you think you have this problem, call member services for assistance.

Why is it important to know my BMI?

What is BMI? BMI stands for Body Mass Index. It uses height and weight to calculate the BMI. Knowing your BMI can give you and your doctor a better picture of your health. If your BMI is too high, you're at risk for many health problems. These include hypertension, heart disease, and diabetes.

According to the National institute of Health, your BMI score means the following:

- Underweight: below 18.5
- Normal: 18.5 to 24.9
- Overweight: 25 to 29.9Obese: 30 and above
- It is possible to be overweight and have very little fat. But most people who are overweight have too much fat. To improve your BMI, you need to watch what you're eating and exercise.

Remember to ask your doctor for your BMI score.

Don't give up! Stick with good eating and exercising habits for a healthier life.